Handout #5: Cheat Sheet for Derivatives

ECON 300: Intermediate Price Theory

Topic 1. Basic Differentiation Rule

When taking partial derivatives, you may refer to the following rule:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathtt{variable}} \left(\mathtt{constant} \cdot \mathtt{variable}^{\mathtt{power}} \right) = \mathtt{constant} \cdot \mathtt{power} \cdot \mathtt{variable}^{\mathtt{power}-1}$$

Topic 2. Special Rule

When the variable is not present, the partial derivative is zero:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \text{variable}} (\text{constant}) = 0$$

Topic 3. When terms are "Added"

When there is an addition + involved, we can "divide" the added terms into two parts:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial}{\partial \text{variable}}\left(\text{constant}_1 \cdot \text{variable}^{\text{power}_1} + \text{constant}_2 \cdot \text{variable}^{\text{power}_2}\right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \text{variable}}\left(\text{constant}_1 \cdot \text{variable}^{\text{power}_1}\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \text{variable}}\left(\text{constant}_2 \cdot \text{variable}^{\text{power}_2}\right) \\ &= \text{constant}_1 \cdot \text{power}_1 \cdot \text{variable}^{\text{power}_1-1} + \text{constant}_2 \cdot \text{power}_2 \cdot \text{variable}^{\text{power}-1} \end{split}$$

Topic 4. Examples

We use **Topic 1** when finding the marginal utility of good x when the utility function is given as $u(x,y)=10x^2y^3$:

$$MU_x = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (10x^2y^3) = 10y^3 \cdot 2 \cdot x^{2-1} = 20xy^3$$

We use **Topic 2** and **Topic 3** when finding the marginal utility of good x when we deal with the linear utility function u(x,y) = 10x + 3y:

$$MU_x = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(10x^1 + 3y)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(10x^1) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(3y) \qquad \qquad \therefore ext{Topic 3}$$

$$= 10 \cdot 1 \cdot x^{1-1} + 0 \qquad \qquad \therefore ext{Topic 2}$$

$$= 10$$